## EXHIBIT D

In re MF Global Inc., Hearing Transcript (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Apr. 18, 2012)

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1	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
2	FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
3	Case No. 11-15059-mg
4	x
5	In the Matter of:
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7	MF GLOBAL HOLDINGS LTD., et al.,
8	Debtors.
9	x
10	MF GLOBAL INC., et al.,
11	Debtors.
12	
13	Adv. Pro. 11-02790-mg
14	x
15	United States Bankruptcy Court
16	One Bowling Green
17	Courtroom 501
18	New York, NY 10004-1408
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20	April 12, 2012
21	10:12 AM
22	
23	BEFORE:
24	HON. MARTIN GLENN
25	U.S. BANKRUPTCY JUDGE

Page 2 1 (CC: doc no. 597) Application of the Chapter 11 Trustee for 2 Entry of an Order Authorizing the Trustee to Retain and Employ 3 Covington & Burling LLP as Special Insurance Counsel Nunc Pro 4 Tunc to the Appointment Date filed by Brett H. Miller on behalf of Louis J. Freeh, Chapter 11 Trustee. 5 Marked Up Documents: 597, 614 6 7 Doc# 587 Motion to Approve/Chapter 11 Trustees Motion Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. 105, 363 and 365 to (A) Establish Procedures for 9 10 the Sale or Disposal of De Minimus Assets; and (B) Authorize 11 the Trustee to (I) Pay Related Fees, and (II) Assume, Assume 12 and Assign, or Reject Related Executory Contracts or Unexpired 13 Leases - Document #: 587 14 Marked Up Documents: 587, 622 15 16 (Doc# 551, 511) Final Hearing RE: (I) Authorizing, But Not 17 Requiring, the Trustee to Pay Prepetition Employee Compensation 18 and Benefits Obligations; and (II) Confirming That the Trustee 19 Is Able to Continue Certain Ordinary-Course Benefits Programs 20 signed on 3/9/2012 (related document(s) 511). - Document #:551 21 Marked Up Documents: 511, 512, 551, 576 22 23 (Doc no. 510) Motion for Interim and Final Orders Under 11 U.S.C. Sections 105, 363, 364, 503(b)(1), 553 and 1108 and Fed. 24 25 R. Bankr. P. 6003 (I) Authorizing Continued Use of Existing (A)

Page 3 1 Bank Accounts, (B) Cash Management System, and (C) Business Forms and Checks; and (II) Authorizing the Continuation of 2 3 Intercompany Transactions Among the Debtors and Non-Debtor 4 Affiliates and According Superpriority Status to All Postpetition Intercompany Claims filed by Brett H. Miller on 5 behalf of Louis J. Freeh, Chapter 11 Trustee. 6 7 Marked Up Documents: 510, 529 8 (CC: Doc no. 1113) Motion by Sapere CTA Fund, L.P. for Entry of 9 10 Order, Judgment and Decree that the Trustee make Restitution to 11 Commodities Customers of \$120,000,000 To Be Paid From The 12 Proceeds of Professional Liability Policies Insuring MF Global, 13 Inc. Issued by MFG Assurance Co. Ltd. filed by Jon R. Grabowski 14 on behalf of Sapere. Marked Up Documents: 1113, 1117, 1122, 1186, 1221, 1273, 1301, 15 16 1302, 1305 17 (CC: Doc no. 1050, 1111, 1112) Hearing RE: Objections to Joint 18 Notice of Presentment of Stipulation and Order Resolving 19 20 Objection Relating to Assignment and Release of Claims from 21 Futures Customers filed by Christopher K. Kiplok on behalf of James W. Giddens, Trustee for the SIPA Liquidation of MF 22 23 Global, Inc. Marked Up Documents: 1050, 1111, 1112, 1190, 1206, 1208, 1215, 24

1216, 1217, 1274, 1277, 1295, 1296, 1307

Page 4 (CC: Doc no. 1086) Motion of James W. Giddens, SIPA Trustee for Liquidation of MF Global, Inc., to Approve First Interim Distribution for Allowed Commodity Futures Claims. Document #: 1086 Marked Up Documents: 1086, 1098, 1190, 1206, 1208, 1215, 1216, 1277, 1297, 1300 Transcribed by: Anna Maria Leon

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Pg 11 of 94 Page 11 1 PROCEEDINGS 2 THE COURT: All right. Please be seated. 3 All right. We are here in MF Global Holdings Ltd, 4 No. 11-15059 and MF Global Inc., 11-02790. We're going to take the MF Global Holdings matters first. 5 Mr. Marinuzzi? 6 7 MR. MARINUZZI: Good morning, Your Honor. For the record, Lorenzo Marinuzzi, Morrison & Foerster, counsel for the 8 Chapter 11 Trustee, Louis Freeh. 9 10 We're here this morning on four uncontested motions, 11 Your Honor, the first of which is a motion for interim and 12 final order authorizing the new debtors' continued use of 13 existing cash management system and forms. Your Honor, there 14 have been no objections. There was a revision to the final order made in the past couple of days a reservation of rights 15 16 that was requested by the SIPA Trustee which is acceptable to 17 the Chapter 11 Trustee as well as the U.S. Trustee in JPMorgan 18 Chase. Mr. Fournier of Pepper Hamilton is on the telephone if Your Honor has any specific questions. I have a copy of the 19 20 marked order with me if I --21 I want it, just want to hand it up. THE COURT: All right. Does anybody else wish to be heard with 22 23 respect to the debtors' application for final order on

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continued use of existing bank accounts, cash management, et

Pg 12 of 94 Page 12 1 cetera? 2 All right. Hearing none, that's granted. 3 MR. MARINUZZI: Thank you, Your Honor. 4 Your Honor, the next motion on the agenda is the Chapter 11 Trustee's motion for interim and final orders 5 authorizing but not requiring the Trustee to pay prepetition 6 7 employee compensation and benefit obligations. For that, Your 8 Honor, I will turn the podium over to my colleague, Melissa 9 Hager. 10 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. 11 MS. HAGER: Good morning, Your Honor. Melissa Hager 12 of Morrison & Foerster on behalf of the Chapter 11 Trustee, 13 Louis J. Freeh. Your Honor, as my colleague, Mr. Marinuzzi, 14 indicated, there have been no objections filed to this motion. 15 16 It was originally filed in connection with the first day 17 hearings of Holdings USA on March 2. There was a hearing held on March 6 with regard to the interim relief sought therein. 18 An order was granted on March 9 with regard to that. There was 19 20 one issue that remained outstanding with the U.S. Trustee after

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automatically. There was three remaining issues that at the request of the U.S. Trustee's office, we tabled to the final hearing, and that's with regard to the payment of the Health Plan Administrator for the employee benefits, the return of the refunds under the employee stock purchase plan, and the ability to terminate the long-term incentive plan for the employees of MF Global.

We have not received any objections to any of those motions from anyone. I can certainly go through those in more detail with Your Honor if you would like, but we are seeking the final relief with regard to those three issues that were not part of the interim order, and I do have a marked up order of the final order.

> THE COURT: Right. Let me see that. Thank you.

MS. HAGER: If I may approach?

16 THE COURT: Yes.

17 MS. HAGER: Thank you, Your Honor.

18 THE COURT: Thank you.

19 MS. HAGER: Thank you.

> THE COURT: Mr. Masumoto, we deferred some of these items to give you and your office an opportunity to review the matter further with the debtor. Do you have -- what is your position?

MR. MASUMOTO: We have no further objections at this

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Page 14 1 time, Your Honor. 2 THE COURT: Thank you. Does anybody else wish to be 3 heard with respect to the application for a final order 4 authorizing the payment of prepetition employee compensation, benefits, et cetera? 5 Hearing none, that's granted as well. 6 All right. 7 Thank you very much. 8 MS. HAGER: Thank you, Your Honor. Your Honor, that brings us to the 9 MR. MARINUZZI: third item on the agenda, which is the Chapter 11 Trustee's 10 11 motion for approval of procedures for the sale of de minimis 12 assets and assumption of related contracts and rejection of 13 related contracts. For that I'll turn the podium over to my colleague, William Hildbold. 14 15 THE COURT: Thank you. 16 MR. HILDBOLD: Good morning, Your Honor. Billy 17 Hildbold on behalf of the Trustee. 18 I'm here to represent the Trustee's motion for an 19 order to establish procedures for the sale or disposal of de 20 minimis assets. We received comments from the U.S. Trustee, 21 the SIPA Trustee, and the U.S. Attorney's office, and also made some further changes to comply with your opinion in Borders. 22 Ι 23 have a marked up order. THE COURT: All right. Why don't you bring it up? 24 25

Page 15 Thank you. Just give me a chance to look at the mark 1 2 up. 3 The question I have is, and you can tell me where it 4 is in here, is the issue of whether you have to file an application for retention of the auctioneers since there really 5 is -- it's not ordinary-course of business, and ordinarily you 6 7 would have to -- have you discussed that with the U.S. 8 Trustees? 9 MR. HILDBOLD: Yes, and we altered the order to 10 include that in there. I believe it's toward the end of the 11 order. 12 THE COURT: Yes, I see it in paragraph 22. 13 MR. HILDBOLD: Yes. 14 THE COURT: Okay. 15 MR. HILDBOLD: We also submitted a declaration of 16 Sean Gumbs of FTI. 17 Okay. All right. Mr. Masumoto, are you THE COURT: 18 satisfied with this? 19 MR. MASUMOTO: Based upon the changes, Your Honor, we're satisfied. 20 21 THE COURT: All right. Does anybody else wish to be 22 heard with respect to the motion to establish procedures for 23 the sale of de minimis assets? All right. The Court has reviewed the motion and 24 25

reviewed the proposed order, in particular raised this question about the retention of broker's auctioneers, and I see the change that's been made on that. That motion is granted as well. Thank you very much.

MR. HILDBOLD: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. MARINUZZI: Your Honor, that brings us to the final application on the calendar for the Chapter 11 case, and that's the Chapter 11 Trustee's application to retain Covington & Burling as Special Insurance Counsel under 327(a). Submitted along with that application is the supplemental declaration of Louis J. Freeh. Mr. Ben Duke of Covington is in the courtroom, should the Court have any questions specific to the firm.

There have been no objections filed to the application. There were some questions asked by the U.S. Trustee's office and we've conveyed the answers either indirectly or directly.

If Your Honor has any questions, we're happy to answer them. Otherwise we respectfully request that the application be granted.

THE COURT: Mr. Masumoto?

MR. MASUMOTO: Your Honor, we have no further objections.

THE COURT: All right. Does anybody else wish to be heard with respect to the application to retain Covington & Burling LLP as Special Insurance Counsel?

Page 17 1 All right. That motion is granted as well. 2 MR. MARINUZZI: Thank you, Your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Thank you very much. 4 MR. MARINUZZI: That concludes the calendar. THE COURT: 5 Okay. Your Honor, the committee --6 MR. BIENENSTOCK: 7 THE COURT: Just identify yourself for the record. 8 Mr. Bienenstock. MR. BIENENSTOCK: Martin Bienenstock of Dewey & 9 10 LeBoeuf for the statutory creditors committee. 11 Your Honor, we have filed a status report because we 12 thought it would be instructive both for our constituency as 13 pursuant to the statute and to the Court. I read it. 14 THE COURT: 15 MR. BIENENSTOCK: I appreciate it, Your Honor. 16 the Court feels it might be useful, I'd like to highlight a few 17 things about the status report just a few minutes. I assured Mr. Kobak this is not an effort to ask the Court to call balls 18 19 and strikes as between, you know, the information request --20 THE COURT: You filed that separately in the MF 21 Global Inc. proceeding, but go ahead. We did, but that was in a joinder. 22 MR. BIENENSTOCK: 23 So the purpose of this as I mentioned is to educate our constituency and also the Court, but for the Court -- the 24 25

reason we thought it was important for the Court to see it, is for the Court to see what the administration of the Chapter 11 debtor's estates requires to get to an end point. And there's been very little detail about that. So very briefly, Your Honor, the first four pages of the status report really go to explaining the liability structure that may or may not give rise to equity for creditors of the holding company. There's the 1.6 billion of missing funds, according to the SIPA Trustee's report at MFGI. Now --

THE COURT: And you question whether it's 1.6 or 600 or whatever it is.

MR. BIENENSTOCK: We do, and the reason that's relevant is for two main reasons. The first is we do own the equity in that, and just days before the bankruptcy, creditors of the holding company provided \$875 million that went down So there may or may not be equity there. addition, MF -- the holding company, MF Global Holdings Ltd, has customer accounts at MFGI, its affiliates have customer accounts, and we have intercompany claims. So to determine the potential values, the creditors of the holding company may get from MFGI, it's obviously very relevant whether there is really a billion-six of missing funds, and I think more of the question about this issue really relates to the definition of missing funds as opposed to where they are, because most people

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in the case I believe think they know generally where most of the funds are. It's -- I -- we think that the SIPA Trustee is saying, he doesn't have them, not necessarily that people don't know where they are.

But in any event, for creditors of the holding company to assess the holding company's recovery from MFGI and its affiliates, that's obviously something that needs clarification as to how they are computing it, what will be recovered, and what not.

I -- the global close, the absence of a global close is obviously troubling and that's occasioning efforts, substitute efforts that take longer and more expense.

THE COURT: You're not laying that at the feet of the SIPA Trustee, are you?

Well, I'm -- the SIPA Trustee says MR. BIENENSTOCK: that he didn't agree because the UK Administrator didn't agree, so we're not pointing one finger. We're just saying it's very regrettable that all of these fiduciaries and all of these debtors could not have agreed to the shortest and least expensive method of reconciling the books. But we -- that's -as I said, I'm not asking --

THE COURT: I wish it were so easy as to reconcile the books, but let's accept your statement at face value.

MR. BIENENSTOCK: Now there aren't \$290 million of

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non-customer estate assets that the SIPA Trustee reports --

THE COURT: Let me interrupt for this purpose --

3 MR. BIENENSTOCK: Yeah.

> THE COURT: -- because I have given some thought to the filing that Mr. Miller filed in the SIPA case with respect to -- it's filed in response to a motion that really has nothing to do with it, but the request for additional information, and you filed a brief joinder in it, and that's the issue you raise in here. And when I read the omnibus reply that Mr. Kobak filed, he indicated that the six month of report I believe is due June 4. And so when I pondered whether -- it is important, Mr. Bienenstock, that not only the creditors of the holding company, but of all constituencies have as much information as possible -- as to whether that June 4 date is a reasonable date to adhere to, and my conclusion is that it is. But that I do expect that in the June 4 report which has long been -- the SIPA Trustee has known for a long time that the six month report, that's when it's due -- there was an earlier 60day report, and there's been status reports along the way, but it does seem to me that the six month report should be quite fulsome. It should deal with -- because people have gotten to shorthand whether there's 1.6 billion or a different amount that's quote-unquote "missing" or whether people know where it is, and the issue is can it be recovered or not. The SIPA

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Trustee has statutory obligations under the Securities Investor Protection Act to investigate possible causes of action, and there had been -- you know, the fact that that's been going on, continues to go on, is well known.

So I agree with you that there needs to be a full report and I think that Mr. Freeh likewise as the Chapter 11 Trustee should be delivering a report on the status of the Chapter 11 cases. And I think that June 4 date is a reasonable date to require that as well. I would encourage the two trustees or their many counsel to confer as far in advance of that date as possible, to coordinate to the fullest extent possible the information that each is going to provide so that there are as few inconsistencies -- I mean, one of the things I've stressed from the start, there needs to be cooperation between the two trustees in sharing of information. think that that's existed. I don't want to get into a debate today whether every request by one side or the other has been responded to. I don't view that as worthy of time today. I've emphasized that cooperation is important and I will take it that it has occurred. And I view the June 4 reports, again, from both trustees as important for all constituencies involved. Now, if there is equity -- it should only happen if there's equity available in MF Global Inc., wonderful. If there's not, that ought to become clear as well.

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know, and when we get to the next portion of the calendar, you know, I'm going to ask Mr. Kobak where the trustee stands in terms of the investigation of potential claims. In the insurance policy hearing recently, Mr. Kobak reported that the trustee, the SIPA Trustee filed a claim with the E & O insurers, just -- I don't know precisely when, but before that hearing took place.

So things are moving forward, maybe not as quickly as everybody would like, but there's a lot on everybody's plate. So your point about the need for information, I take that as a given. That's been true from the start of the case. think the June 4 date, given where we are now, it's about a month and a half from now, is ample time for very good reports to be done by both trustees.

> MR. BIENENSTOCK: Okay. Your Honor, if I just might

THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Bienenstock.

MR. BIENENSTOCK: -- make a couple comments.

In addition to the various -- up until now, I've covered the liability questions and potential equity or not, et cetera, and there are several pages of potential asset recoveries in the United States, 244 million in margin at what we call FINCO, MFG Finance U.S.A., accounts of MF Global Special Investor at MFGI of substantial value perhaps of up to

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350 million, et cetera -- I won't take the Court's time to repeat everything in the report. All of this -- once obviously information is available, some effort and time is going to be required in recovery, so clearly time is of the essence. I appreciate the Court's words. There's a lot on everyone's plate, but time really is our enemy here.

We also shared our report that we filed, Your Honor, a month before we filed it with the Chapter 11 Trustee because we -- and we took their comments -- because we didn't want to make statements about lack of information that were incorrect because a lot of our information comes from the Chapter 11 Trustee who meets with the SIPA Trustee.

So clearly what we infer from this is they may -- as our understanding is there have only been a couple meetings for altogether -- a few hours altogether, but they obviously have somewhat different views. They're obviously trying to some extent to cooperate. The bottom line is it could be better and we hope it will be. And I'm sure the Court hopes it --

THE COURT: I am sure that if Mr. Freeh calls Mr. Giddens or Mr. Miller and Mr. Marinuzzi call Mr. Kobak and his colleagues, those calls will be answered, questions will be posited, where answers can be given they will, where they can't be given efforts will be made to respond. So I think that June 4 is an appropriate date for both trustees to update the Court,

Pg 24 of 94 Page 24 1 and when I say June -- well, we'll have -- I don't know when 2 the next hearing after June 4 is. So if that's the date when I 3 expect the reports will be filed, at the next omnibus hearing thereafter, there undoubtedly will be some discussion in Court 4 about it, a brief summary given of the reports, and if the 5 Court has questions, the Court will give the questions. I'm 6 7 sure you won't be shy, Mr. Bienenstock, if you have questions 8 you want to convey to Mr. Kobak, you'll do it. MR. BIENENSTOCK: Well, we'll do it before the 9 10 hearing. 11 THE COURT: You'll answer your calls. Well, I know 12 you will before the reports are done. 13 MR. BIENENSTOCK: Yes. And your report, it was in a useful 14 THE COURT: table format, you identified the specific issues where you had 15 16 concern, and I'm sure Mr. Kobak and his colleagues and Mr. 17 Giddens have all read it, and are mindful of the issues. They

seemed appropriate issues to be raising, and hopefully as many issues as possible will be addressed in the two reports.

> MR. BIENENSTOCK: Your Honor, to --

So let's move on with the agenda. THE COURT:

MR. BIENENSTOCK: Okay. Taking Your Honor's comment about not being shy up for one last comment. This is --because this is really an example of what needs to improve.

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1 The SIPA Trustee has remarked in multiple responses to our 2 report that since we have some of the key employees, three of 3 them, at the holding company, that they know the information. 4 That is a key misconception. They can't memorize these They need access to the records with the SIPA Trustee 5 in order to put things, two and two together. And I just 6 7 wanted to leave the Court with that, because that's the last 8 reply we've had from the SIPA Trustee, and it is a 9 misconception. 10 I don't want Mr. Kobak to feel he needs THE COURT: 11 to respond to what you're saying. I don't think this is a 12 productive use of a Court time today. 13 MR. BIENENSTOCK: I know. Okay? I think I've made clear what I 14 THE COURT: 15 expect to happen if. You know, I'm satisfied with the date 16 that's the six month date, and hopefully as much information 17 sharing in advance and raising of questions in advance where 18 people have legitimate requests for information, that'll happen 19 well before the deadline for the reports, and all 20 constituencies will benefit from full reports by both trustees.

> MR. BIENENSTOCK: Thank you, Judge.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you very much.

Mr. Miller?

MR. MILLER: Yes, Your Honor, very briefly. Brett

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Miller, Morrison & Foerster on behalf of the Chapter 11
Trustee.

We will be --- we will submit a status report on the fourth, a hearing --- the next omnibus following the filing of the status report is on the fourteenth, so that's timely. We would be prepared to answer questions at that time. Just like with the 60-day report, we will --- well, the report that took 60 days for us regarding the bank accounts, we work closely with the SIPA Trustee. After we filed our statement in the SIPA case, the two trustees have corresponded. We've been speaking with Mr. Kobak and his colleagues at Hughes Hubbard, and we expect the information flow to work in order to get both reports done timely and efficiently, and be productive for all customers and creditors.

THE COURT: Thank you. You know, and I've said before that if there are problems where one trustee or the other believes the other is not being responsive, you will endeavor to work it out directly, and if you can't, whoever thinks they need the assistance of the Court will arrange a telephone conference and we'll do it. That hasn't been necessary so far. I have no doubt that the two trustees can work cooperatively to move this forward. Okay?

MR. MILLER: Right. Thank you very much, Your Honor.

Page 27 1 THE COURT: Thank you very much. 2 That's it, Mr. Marinuzzi? Okay. MR. MARINUZZI: Nothing left on the calendar, Your 3 4 Honor. All right. We'll --- in about one 5 THE COURT: minute, we'll move to the MF Global Inc. docket. Everybody 6 7 just stay in their place. I need to get some papers off my 8 desk everyone else can bring out. No one has to get up when I 9 come back in. 10 (Whereupon the Judge briefly left the courtroom.) 11 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Kobak? 12 MR. KOBAK: Good morning, Your Honor. James Kobak, 13 Hughes Hubbard & Reed for the SIPA Trustee. 14 We do intend to file a comprehensive report on June 4 15 One of my colleagues is in the courtroom today who is 16 principally responsible for that, and I'm sure she was 17 listening attentively to Your Honor's remarks, and we look 18 forward also to seeing the Chapter 11 Trustee's report, and we 19 will be talking to them about that as well as many other things 20 I'm sure in the coming weeks. 21 I do want to note that Mr. Wasserman from the CFDC and Mr. LaRosa from SIPA are both on the line, along with 22 23 various other people. The first item on our agenda today is a status 24 25

report, and I think I can maybe address the 1.6 billion in the process of doing this. But I'd like to start with where we are in the claims process because I think that's the most critical thing that's happening right now. The figures are essentially what we reported in the motion --- or in the reply, I guess --the omnibus reply to the distribution motion. We've basically determined and sent out letters of determination on approximately 21,000 commodities claims --- that's all kinds of commodities claims 4(d) and 30.7 out of about 23,000, so it's a little over 90 percent. I think the time period is consistent with what we reported last time, which would be we would be far along in the process by the beginning of this month, April, and hope to substantially conclude it by the end of the month. And I think that still holds. The 2,000 or so that remain do contain some very complicated large accounts with many transactions with them, so they inevitably take longer to do than some of the others. We also include in our population several hundred that were actually filed as general creditor claims but that we've determined seem to claim commodities claims, so we treat them as commodities claims, but it obviously we get to them a little bit later in the process and some of the others. I do think that in the next few days, by the beginning of next week, we'll have at least several hundred more determinations that will go out.

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Over half the claims that we've decided to date have become final in the sense that people have either returned the letter of determination agreeing with our claim, or the time to file an objection has expired. The time for many more thousand objections will expire towards the end of this month, so we'll have a somewhat clearer picture, obviously, of where we are at that point.

We've received 59 objections to date, many of which --- most of which are quite minor, and we've instituted a process of contacting those objectors in hopes that we can resolve, you know, very modest, trivial amounts without having to have a lot of motion practice. I should also mention that we maintain, we instituted an objections hotline so if people receive an objection to their claim and have a question about it, they have a place that they can call, and I think that has been perhaps one reason why we don't have more objections than the 59 that we have received.

We have done some work, considerable work, actually, on the securities claims. We have approximately 350 of those after a lot of them turned out to be commodities claims or general creditors claims that were reclassified. We do expect to begin issuing letters of determination on those in a few weeks as we near the end of the commodities process. As Your Honor knows, the actual time period for people to file

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securities claims doesn't officially end until the end of June, but we can start processing those that are in before that, and we do intend to do that. And that will probably include a determination of holdings which filed a very substantial customer claim, some of which we disagree with or think is subordinated.

One thing we have realized that based on the work we've done, we think the estimates of claims that we've been kind of informally working on are pretty close to what the actual claims may be. We obviously don't know that precisely and the amounts claimed are maybe a little bit higher than we estimated, but I think that in the objection and determination process, some of those figures will come down. So that leaves us with the shortfall which we continue to think is in the area of \$1.6 billion. We've always said it was an estimate, and we've always tried to describe it as a shortfall, not necessarily missing securities. The way we look at it is, we look at what all -

THE COURT: You're using securities include commodities -

I'm sorry. Missing property, Your MR. KOBAK: We look at the total of all the claims that are filed that we --- that our estimate of what the amount of the total claims that are filed are across all the commodities --- all

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Page 31 the pools, commodities as well as securities, and compare that 1 2 to the property that we have on hand to satisfy them. 3 difference between those numbers at present is approximately 4 \$1.6 billion. Does that include the claims for funds 5 THE COURT: 6 that are being held in the U.K.? 7 MR. KOBAK: Yes, it does. 8 THE COURT: That's about 700 million? 9 MR. KOBAK: Yes, Your Honor. So that's a big part 10 of it. 11 THE COURT: You know where that money is. 12 MR. KOBAK: We know where that money is. 13 THE COURT: You're just not getting it back at the 14 moment. 15 MR. KOBAK: That's correct, and I'll get to that in 16 a second, Your Honor. And I think --- you know, the creditors 17 committee I think referred to a five --- or hundred --- \$600 18 million estimate by CME. I'm not sure if that's exactly the 19 CME's number, but I don't think --- I think our estimate of 20 what's kind of missing from the 4(d) might be a little higher 21 than that, because I think we see the claims as a little higher, but I don't think it's far off the mark. But we've 22 23 never said that all of this is missing money, it's just 24 shortfall in the terms of it's money that we do not have to pay 25

the claims that have been made against us that we think are likely to be allowable.

> THE COURT: Okay.

MR. KOBAK: So that leaves me to our investigation which Your Honor indicated he wanted to hear some more about and, and again, I'm somewhat constrained in what I can say about details. But we have been looking particularly at areas where there might be possible recoveries of funds. respect to the U.K., we've had discussions, extensive discussions, and some exchange of information with the administrators. I think it's fair to say that our views on how the money that they're holding should be treated are pretty diametrically opposed at this point as a legal matter, primarily, also to some extent perhaps as a factual matter. We've been urging, and I think the U.K. administrators now agree, that really for the benefit of creditors in both estates, this is an issue that needs to get in front of the U.K. Courts and decided. And what we've been advocating is in a fairly brief time schedule, if we can moving lately for directions, I think --- while I don't want to commit the U.K. Administrators to anything, but I think generally they agree with that approach. So hopefully we'll at least get that issue teed up in the U.K. Courts in the very near future.

I'm assuming with the recent Lehman THE COURT:

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ruling provides some guidance of answers.

MR. KOBAK: I don't know if it provides guidance or more questions, but it certainly is something that the parties need to take into account. I know it's of great concern to the U.K. administrators exactly what its application might be to our situation and what it implies. So we've all studied that with a great deal of care.

We've also been working closely with attorneys for a number of claimants who have 30.7 funds, so that's been a very collaborative process to now. Our investigation is continuing. It's led the Trustee to believe that he has more than colorable claims against some parties to seek return of funds. announced a few days ago that we have entered serious discussion with JPMorgan Chase, so those discussions are The Trustee believes he may have claims against other parties. I really do not think it would be appropriate to get into that today, but I think we will be pursuing claims. It's our intention at least with some claims and to the extent that we're able to work out the details of how to do it, to try to coordinate any claims we might pursue with those that are being pursued by commodities claimants in the class actions. And our goal ultimately is if there are funds that can be recovered, and parties will have defenses --- it's not like pushing a button --- but if there are funds that can be

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recovered, that they be recovered as efficiently as possible but with as few arguments about standing and everything else as possible, and that there be some mechanism that they get return to customer property so that they can be distributed in accordance with the claims process in our estate, unless that makes a lot more sense than having some kind of duplicate or parallel class action claims process.

So we'll be having some discussions with representatives of some customers to see if anything can be worked out along those lines. And the fact that we want to pursue those claims is one reason that we've asked for assignments to the extent that that might help us on standing It's also a reason that we've made claims against arguments. insurance policies and why we advocated that there be at least some degree of monitoring of expenses under the policies by the SIPA Trustee as well as the Chapter 11 Trustee.

On the administrative side, I'll just conclude We have closed the Chicago office. We have some briefly. equipment and I think some related technology that's housed somewhere in Illinois that we're --- is no longer needed for operations and may have some value, so we are in the process of trying to sell that. We are now down to 32 former MF Global employees and I think by mid-May that number will be more like 16 or 17. We've been basically letting people go as we've have

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no further need for their services, and in some cases, I'm happy to report people have actually been able to get more permanent employment.

We do intend to file a comprehensive report in June. It's possible that we may release a report on our investigation before that which I think would shed some light on some of the causes of MF Global's demise. We have established hotlines, not only a general hotline, but as I said a hotline that customers can call about questions about objections and we have another hotline for people that have questions about their tax situation and their tax claims to the extent that we can help And we do update and continue to update our website continually as new developments arise.

So again we'll report further and --- on June 4 and we do look forward to sharing information with the Chapter 11 Trustee and learning what they are prepared to report as well.

> THE COURT: Thank you.

Your Honor, I'd like to turn to the next MR. KOBAK: item on the agenda which is our motion to make an interim distribution to commodities customers. I'm going to handle this, but if it's all right with Your Honor, when we get to whether there should be a delivery class and how that will work, I'll turn the podium over to Mr. Trager.

> THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. KOBAK: Your Honor, this is a motion that seeks to distribute up to \$600 million, additionally, to the 4(d) claimants and the distribution will go to those whose claims have become final, either because --- and who have signed and agreed to our determination of the claim. We're holding back approximately \$700 million which we think is a prudent reserve in excess of any claims that we expect that aren't covered by this motion that could possibly be made. We're also proposing for the first time to make a distribution to the 30.7 customers. We are seeking authority to go up to \$50 million on that, and we're holding back \$40 million for the same reasons as I expressed with the 4(d). Unfortunately, we can't make a larger distribution because \$90 million is essentially all the property we have in our possession at this time.

And finally, the motion seeks approval of an additional class, a delivery class, and we are seeking authority to distribute up to \$35 million for that class with a hold back of \$10 million for potential other claims. We don't know with precision what these distributions will mean in terms of percentage recoveries by people, but we do think that on the 4(d) side and for the delivery class, it will probably get people up to 80 percent or perhaps a tad above that. It will unfortunately probably be ten --- less than ten percent on the 30.7 side, but again, that's a function of this being all the

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1 property that we have available.

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THE COURT: Let me ask you this. With respect to delivery class --- and I know you said Mr. Trager is going to deal with that --- the objections in part have focused on whether debits and credits that weren't segregated, where cash wasn't segregated, are properly placed in the delivery class, if I were to approve the distribution that you've requested and the Court were subsequently to determine that the objectors are correct, would there remain sufficient funds to true them up? I guess where I'm really going is do I have to decide that today, or ---

MR. KOBAK: Let me confer with Mr. Trager.

THE COURT: Yeah, Mr. Trager, if you want to wait till we deal with the delivery class, we can deal with it then.

I didn't ---

MR. KOBAK: Your Honor, the answer is yes, but I'll leave it to Mr. Trager.

THE COURT: Okay. We'll cut --- I didn't mean to jump it out of order. I'm happy to hear from Mr. Trager on the delivery class.

MR. KOBAK: So we've had a number of objections; one of them is the objection by the Chapter 11 Trustee joined in by the creditors committee. I don't really think that's germane to this motion as Your Honor is ---

Page 38 1 THE COURT: But I think I addressed that already. 2 MR. KOBAK: Yes. 3 THE COURT: That was about information sharing. I 4 intended my comments earlier to apply now. I do think information that's important for it to be broadly disseminated, 5 to be as accurate as possible, and I've already addressed that. 6 7 So to the extent that would --- I don't know if I'm not even 8 sure those were intended to be objections per se. If they weren't, they're overruled to the extent that I dealt with it 9 10 before, explained both trustees will do reports by June 4. And 11 I don't mean to say you ought to hold --- if you're prepared to 12 disseminate a report on your investigation, interim report 13 before June 4, please ---14 MR. KOBAK: No, no. 15 THE COURT: --- do it as soon as you can. 16 MR. KOBAK: Yes, yes. Of course, Your Honor. 17 THE COURT: All right. 18 MR. KOBAK: I think in addition to that, I'm going 19 to skip over the relief and assignment which is responsible for 20 a lot of the objections. 21 Yes, and I can't tell whether that's THE COURT: 22 been worked out or not. I mean, it really comes up in two 23 contexts ---MR. KOBAK: 24 Yeah. 25

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--- the objections to the motion to THE COURT: approved a distribution, and then there's the separate stipulation.

> Yeah, let me get to that in a minute. MR. KOBAK:

THE COURT: Okay.

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There was one other objection that the MR. KOBAK: issue order approved the motion, but with some kind of deadline by when we should complete ---

> I'm not imposing a deadline. THE COURT:

Okay. So I think the ---MR. KOBAK:

THE COURT: I'm just going to --- so that it's The objection to the distribution motion, that any distribution should be conditioned on a deadline for completing is overruled. There's a lot of work. It's proceeding in a good pace. Everyone wishes it was faster. But that objection is overruled.

> MR. KOBAK: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor.

So I think that leaves the release and assignment. Your Honor is correct that we also met with a number of representatives of commodities customers who had concern about the original language, and in those couple series of meetings we worked out with them a stipulation, an order, which is also before you, which resolves those concerns. I'd like to say that it resolves everyone's concerns, but unfortunately that's

not the fact. What we primarily did was make it clear that the --- and we thought the original language already did this --but for avoidance of doubt, to make clear that the language only released claims or assigned claims up to the amount of distributions that are actually received from us from the funds of customer property so that no additional rights are being compromised or given up. There was some concern about the parties that were released. So it was only intended to be the Trustee, people that are working for the Trustee, SIPC, people that are working for SIPC. We have some language in the stipulation that basically limits that language so if there was somebody that we employed who perhaps had been a former MFGI employee that might have some liability under some theory, they wouldn't --- that wouldn't be affected by this stipulation. And we have language --- because I think one of the concerns that people have is if they're assigning these amounts to us, what does that do in any subsequent litigation that they have against third parties? And we have language that nothing in this stipulation will be any determination on that score, and that all can be worked out, which is where I think it should be worked out in the context of some action when and if arguments about standing are ever raised. And as I've said, I'm hoping if we can do it that we can coordinate and work jointly with commodities customer representatives sufficiently so that we

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may have actions that are consolidated and be in the same cases and the question of exactly whose claim something is may never arise.

THE COURT: Tell me what the authority is for the Trustee to impose the requirement on commodities customers to assign their claims. I view the assignment of claims differently from if there is a determination, if there is an agreed determination of the amount of a customer's claim asking them to agree that they have no further claim against MF Global Inc., that I understand. But the point was made in most of those objections that unlike on securities side, on the commodities side, there is no authority for the Trustee to insist on the assignment.

I don't think on the commodities side, MR. KOBAK: there's any --- there's no guidance either way. nothing that says you can do it. There's nothing that says you can't do it. And we think it's appropriate thing to do. We think that since there's net equity process and particularly in this case a fund of customer property, that the same reasons that make it appropriate in SIPA would really make it appropriate here. We also --- and it's the kind of assignment that's been used for years in SIPA liquidations. I don't think

> --- on the securities side. THE COURT:

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Pg 42 of 94 Page 42 1 MR. KOBAK: --- on the securities side, but that 2 really doesn't have anything to do with the fact of what people 3 --- it's not really insurance, but what they call SIPA 4 insurance, which is the SIPC advances. THE COURT: But SIPC advances money, and stands in 5 the shoes of the customers in an effort to recover, at least up 6 7 to the amount that they've paid out. 8 MR. KOBAK: That's correct. 9 THE COURT: But that's not true on the commodities 10 side. 11 MR. KOBAK: No, that's not true on the commodities 12 But nevertheless in SIPA cases, broader assignments have 13 been used. 14 THE COURT: But you've argued --- we had the round of briefing about what rules for distribution. Several of the 15 16 opinions I've issued have dealt with the rules for 17 distribution. 18 How can the Trustee impose as a condition to 19 commodities customers receiving a distribution that they assign 20 rights against third parties? Where does your authority to 21 insist on that? You keep referring to Section 190 and all of its subparts as setting out the CFTC's rules for distribution. 22

There's nothing in any of those as I've seen that would say,

oh, but that only applies if a customer assigns some or all of

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its rights to proceed against others.

MR. KOBAK: There is nothing in the commodities rules either way as I said, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And I don't find 105 --- you've in part relied on Section 105 of the Bankruptcy Code to fill that gap. And that I don't agree with.

MR. KOBAK: All right. Well, we think it's a prudent thing for a trustee to ask for. We would like to have the authority. We would hope Your Honor would seek to grant it. We think it makes a lot of practical sense in this context. I don't think the CFTC is disagreeing with it.

> THE COURT: Well, they didn't take a position.

MR. KOBAK: I don't think they've taken any position on it.

THE COURT: Well, but, you know, one of the things that bothered me, Mr. Kobak, I read the motion papers. Then I get objections and the objections say, oh, it's not in the motion papers. It's a document that was sent to us that they haven't even told you about, Your Honor. And that's true. release was not --- there's nothing --- I read your motion. There was nothing in there that indicated that you were conditioning distributions to customers on their releasing or assigning rights. I think --- and I'll listen to the objectors --- as to the release portion, if there's an agreed

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determination of the claim, it's one thing for the Trustee to be saying, okay, you're releasing any further --- once you've agreed that this is the amount of the claim, you're basically releasing any argument that your claim ought to be 2X instead of X.

MR. KOBAK: Right. I understand the distinction,
Your Honor, is growing, I think, for basically the same reasons
we should have an assignment of the claim. We did distribute a
lot of property, a lot of that was done through CME and other
people. That we could still have issues of people being overdelivered, under-delivered, not delivering appropriately. I
don't want to do anything that would compromise our ability to
pursue that kind of claim.

THE COURT: That's --- you know, if distributions are made without prejudice to a final determination of rights, that's one thing. But you've gone further. You want an assignment of rights to proceed against others. And that's what I'm searching for where is the authority for you to impose that as a condition to receiving distributions?

MR. KOBAK: There is no statutory or regulatory authority. We concede that.

THE COURT: And you didn't impose that for the first 72 percent of the distributions?

MR. KOBAK: No, because we've ---

Page 45 1 THE COURT: That wasn't a claim determination. 2 MR. KOBAK: No, and essentially that was done 3 through the clearinghouses and people went to other brokers, so we didn't have really direct correspondence with the claimants 4 the way we do in the claims process. 5 But one of the things that concerns me 6 THE COURT: 7 is, look, there's a lot of litigation pending elsewhere, and if 8 people have assigned their rights, whose the real party in interest, are the claims that are asserted in the various class 9 10 actions going to be subject to motions to dismiss because, 11 well, they've signed an --- you know, they entered into an 12 assignment agreement with the Trustee. 13 MR. KOBAK: Well, it only goes up to what they've 14 received, so ---15 THE COURT: How do you split? That's what I don't 16 understand. How can someone split a claim? I didn't think you 17 could do that. As I've said, I'm hoping that we will be 18 MR. KOBAK: able to coordinate our activities with some of those, maybe all 19 20 of those, class action claimants so that in one case, they will 21 be consolidated actions and there won't be any question that somebody has standing to pursue claims. 22 23 THE COURT: So what is the basis for the Trustee's authority to insist on an assignment of claims? 24

Page 46 If Your Honor orders it, we have a basis 1 MR. KOBAK: 2 3 THE COURT: Well, I'm not ordering it unless there's 4 a legal basis for it. I don't --- I can't tell you that other 5 MR. KOBAK: 6 than Section 105 implementing a claims process ---7 THE COURT: Do you have any ---MR. KOBAK: --- it's very similar to the SIPA claims 8 There is no specific CFTC regulation or statute that 9 process. 10 deals with this either way. 11 THE COURT: Okay. Is there anything else you want 12 to add on that? 13 MR. KOBAK: No, Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: Okay. Is there anything else on the 15 motion to --- well, let me hear the delivery side, the delivery 16 class, and then I'll hear the objectors. 17 MR. TRAGER: Good morning, Your Honor. Josiah 18 Trager, Hughes Hubbard & Reed for the SIPA Trustee. 19 Your Honor, the short answer to your question which 20 was if Your Honor turns out that you're wrong, and later on you 21 change ------ or it turns out I didn't decide it. 22 THE COURT: 23 MR. TRAGER: --- or didn't decide it, and ultimately decide that the objector was correct and that in fact the 24 25

delivery credits and the frozen proceeds and delivery debits were not part of the delivery class, are we holding back enough? The answer is yes. The answer is yes because the difference will ultimately be a few cents on the dollar, and here's why. If, in fact, it is not readily traceable to the delivery class as we maintain that it is, it would have to be readily traceable to another class of customer property. The only logical class that that would be in this case would be the 30 point --- I'm sorry --- the 4(d) segregated property. Again, we maintain that it is not the case. We maintain that it is not required to be segregated under 4(d), it is in fact part of the delivery class, but the difference in distributions at this point is going to be a few percentage points.

Yeah, if it's included in the delivery THE COURT: class, it has a slight diluted affect on what people will receive now; correct?

> MR. TRAGER: Correct.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Go ahead.

MR. TRAGER: And the reason for that, Your Honor, is because the physicals comprise the bulk of the delivery class in terms of the percentage of the value of that class; additional items in that delivery class that we've identified are in fact these frozen proceeds, all of which are present for, because they were frozen at the exchanges; and the pre-

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existing delivery credits, which essentially would have been frozen had they taken place a day later, and in fact were among the funds that are part of the shortfall. I have no doubt at some point, Your Honor, we will be back here with other claimants bringing novel theories to Your Honor about why their particular property should not be subject to the shortfall or subject to a particular type of shortfall, or some other theory. But the fact remains, Your Honor, that the CFTC rules require a shortfall be distributed pro rata per class. these are the items in that class; the physicals, the frozen proceeds from the delivery of physicals, the pre-existing delivery credits from the delivery of physicals, the delivery debits which are essentially when you buy physicals on large and --- I believe there was a fifth element that right now I'm sorry, I'm fighting off a cold and it seems to escapes me. be winning. But that --- the short answer to your question, Your Honor, is it would have to be attributable to a class of customer property. At this point, we can't foresee a situation where it would be ---

THE COURT: It's going to be dilutive of one class or another.

MR. TRAGER: Correct. It's going to comprise one class or the other and have an affect. In the case of removing the delivery credits and assigning them to a different class,

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that would be a dilutive effect.

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THE COURT: Can you tell me what the total dollar value of this item?

MR. TRAGER: Because the physicals --- because net equity is calculated when the account becomes fully liquid, and in fact Your Honor just recently ordered the liquidation of the physicals, the physicals' value moves daily and has been slowly becoming liquid as it's been transferred or sold and will in bulk be done this week with the remainder. But the number is somewhere in the neighborhood of \$120 to \$160 million, of which approximately \$15 million is considered a shortfall. Again, these are very round numbers and they will be subject to all the claims determinations along with everything else that's been going on.

THE COURT: Okay. I'm not sure what I'm going to do I mean, I'm taking this under submission today in any event, but I think you've addressed it --- I mean, I may well decide this issue of whether the credits and debits are part of the delivery class or not. I just wanted to explore whether something had needed to be decided right now.

Understandable, Your Honor. And I MR. TRAGER: believe --- that covers it ---

THE COURT: I think I understand your arguments about why it should be included into the delivery class.

reply brief in particular I think was very clear about it. I understand your arguments. You can go into it, but that I do have in mind.

MR. TRAGER: If Your Honor understands it, I have no need to go further with it. I believe that was essentially the issue related to the delivery class. There was another response that actually not only supported the motion, specifically the inclusion of these items, but requested a timing issue, and I think Your Honor has already addressed that as part of the previous issue.

> THE COURT: Right. Okay, thank you.

All right. Let me hear from objectors.

MR. SCHMELTZ: Your Honor, Vincent Schmeltz for a limited number of objectors on the delivery class issue.

> Yes, go ahead, Mr. Schmeltz. THE COURT:

MR. SCHMELTZ: Your Honor, under --- I want to be just clear about the three categories of cash, if you will, or debits and credits that are at issue. Frozen proceeds are literally proceeds from the sale of physical commodities or warehouse receipts that took place after the petition date for whatever reason, either to meet a contract obligation, or for some other reason, and they --- those things literally were physical property on the date of liquidation and we don't contest that the frozen proceeds properly represent physicals

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that are part of the delivery class. Delivery debits are funds owed by a customer because they took delivery of a commodity and owed money or because they, as I understand it, margined their physicals. In the case of, for example, gold bars, one could trade on margin and so if that's liquidated, there would be a delivery debit associated with the margin that would have to be paid before the final proceeds would be paid out. And that, too, is readily traceable to the delivery class and likely falls within the delivery class.

The real rub is on these delivery credits. And the delivery credits, Your Honor, are funds that were taken in by MF Global because a commodity customer ordered their physical property to be sold in the days preceding the petition, literally in the two or three or maybe four days prior to and even on October 31. And the physical property or the warehouse receipts were sold, funds were taken in, and they weren't properly secured, and they were pilfered. And there are maybe a variety of reasons that were uses that they were put to, but they weren't returned to the customers. With respect to that cash, there's no evidence, Your Honor, that the cash was intended by the customer to be used in the making or the taking of delivery of a commodity. One holds typically a warehouse receipt or a physical commodity for the purpose of making delivery. I may hold soybean oil, a warehouse receipt for

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soybean oil, in order to make the delivery to someone on a contract. Cash is often held in an account for the taking of delivery, for the specific purpose of when someone arrives with my truckload of Robusta coffee, me being able to pay for that on my contract. Here ---

Mr. Schmeltz, stop for a second. THE COURT: don't see anything in the law that has this issue controlled by This is not a customer by customer the intent of the customer. intent specific issue. If customers had the misfortune that they either were purchasing physicals or selling physicals and the money which at least the Trustee argues was not required to be segregated, wasn't, and is now not there, what is it that in --- you have some decision or some regulation of the CFTC that says is a question of intent of the customer?

First of all, Your Honor, under MR. SCHMELTZ: 190.05(a)(2), a delivery account shall mean any account prominently designated as such in the records of the debtor which contains only the specifically identifiable property associated with delivery, except as set forth in 190.01(kk) and none of those in (kk) deal with anything other than specifically identifiable property. The textual argument that the Trustee makes is that under these regulations, the money or the funds or the debits, the credits or the debits, are associated with the customer's account for the purpose of

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making or taking delivery. And I would submit to Your Honor that the concept of making or taking delivery is one of common parlance in the commodity industry that means, as I have suggested, I hold something to make delivery or I hold something in order to take delivery. It has to have a specific It is not a fiction, and it can't be stretched to meaning. include the proceeds of a sale just because the proceeds of the sale are lost. With greater specificity, Your Honor, 17 CFR 1.21 deals with the care of money and equities accruing to customers, and it provides money and equities accruing in connection with commodity or option customers open trades, contracts, or commodity options need not be separately credited to individual accounts, but may be treated and dealt with as belonging, undivided, to all commodity or option customers having open trades, contracts, or commodity option positions, which at close would result in a credit to such commodity or option customers. We would submit then, Your Honor, that under 17 CFR 1.21, proceeds of the sale of a warehouse receipt need not be separately segregated as the Trustee has argued. agree with that. But they should be apportioned to all customers and as a result, if the funds are lost, should have been apportioned to all classes the same way that their credit would have been apportioned to all customers under 1.21. That's the controlling regulation here, Your Honor, and that's

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what ought to be done, not have an artificial definition of the concept of making and taking delivery.

Ultimately, for these credits to have a dilutive effect on the delivery class would be antithetical to the purpose of the delivery class as set forth, and we set this forth in our response, and it's provided for in 48 Fed. Reg. 8731, and that is --- sets forth the intent of the delivery class as to mitigate the dilution effect of pro rata provisions of the Code.

Mr. Schmeltz, I just opened to your THE COURT: objections, and I don't see anything in your objection that refers to 17 CFR 1.21 ---

> MR. SCHMELTZ: And Your Honor, the reason ---THE COURT: --- and the argument you've made here

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MR. SCHMELTZ: --- the reason that we're making this argument now, and it wasn't in our objection, is we didn't have the Trustee's reply or the Trustee's further explanation of why these credits should apply to the delivery accounts. And so as Your Honor pointed out, the reply I thought was much more clear as to purpose and intent. The reply is what stated this making or taking delivery argument and so we have a greater understanding of the Trustee's arguments at this time, and a greater understanding than we did when we wrote our brief, Your

Honor. But the --- in 48 Fed. Reg. 8731, it notes that this means that although this property will not be distributed, to the extent its value exceeds a claimant's net equity claim, and will be distributed pro rata among claimants with delivery claims which are of the same class, it will not be diluted by other types of customer claims. And a claim for loss proceeds is an other type of customer claim. It is not a claim for funds that were held for the making or taking of delivery of a commodity. It is an other type of claim. It is a claim that my funds were pilfered. I was expected to receive funds from the sale of a commodity that I would have taken out of my account and used for other purposes. Right? The people who were liquidating immediately prior to the petition date in many cases as we understand it were doing so because they understood the Titanic was sinking and they wanted to get off. other --- they were not trying to roll the cash over in order to be used for additional transactions down the road. And so it is an other type of customer claim. Under the very intent for the delivery class, it ought not be applied as dilutive to the delivery class, and we believe under 1.21, it ought to be applied across all classes.

All right. Mr. Schmeltz, I'm going to THE COURT: give you until 5 PM, April 17 to file a surreply addressing just this issue and not to exceed five pages in length.

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Page 56 1 MR. SCHMELTZ: Thank you, Your Honor. 2 THE COURT: All right. Next objector. 3 MR. SCHMELTZ: But, Your Honor ---4 THE COURT: No, I'm going to take people in the courtroom first. 5 Thank you, Your Honor. My name is 6 MR. ENTWISTLE: Andrew Entwistle, I'm with the law firm of Entwistle & 7 8 Cappucci, and we represent various commodity customers. We filed objections both in this proceeding and in the respect to 9 10 the release and assignment issue. 11 And Your Honor asked the key questions of Mr. Kobak; 12 one, obviously, where is or is there a statutory authority to 13 take an assignment here and the answer is no. There is none anywhere. And every court that's looked at the issue from the 14 Giddens v. D.H. Blair case in 2002 ---15 16 THE COURT: That's a securities case, though; isn't 17 it? 18 MR. ENTWISTLE: It is a securities case, Your Honor, but it's still looked at the same issues of whether there was 19 20 statutory authority to take an assignment of third party 21 claims, which is what they're trying to do here. I read the decision this morning, the 22 THE COURT: 23 short decision, Judge Beatty's decision. 24 MR. ENTWISTLE: It is, and Judge Rakoff's more 25

recent decision involving Mr. Picard, and Judge Mann's recent decision involving Mr. Picard, really are consonant with that decision. They look at all these same arguments that have been presented here, both in the context of this proceeding and in the assignment and they rejected each one as we go down the I don't think I need to take a lot of time, unless Your line. Honor has got questions about that, but I think it is important to note that with regard to the release language, after working through the process relative to the objections when that was raised, we did narrow that scope through our ---

THE COURT: You agree about the --- you've reached an agreement about the language of the release?

MR. ENTWISTLE: Just the language of the release itself. Mr. Davidoff is here and he worked hard on that as well, and I think now it really is limited really just to the net equity claims and only to the extent they're against the estate. And I think that while maybe belt and suspenders, I don't think the language is objectionable to the customers. The assignment is a completely different issue. There is no statutory authority for it, and we pointed that out to the Trustee and as you saw in our responsive papers we also said that, look, even if you were entitled to one, the most it could do would be to track the statute. What you've asked for here is far beyond that. It's not limited to the assignment of net

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Page 58 1 equity claims. It's not --- and it doesn't provide that any 2 assigned claims are going to stand behind the customers. 3 think all that's clearly provided for in the statute, none of 4 it made its way into the release here, even if they have the authority for it which I think it's very clear under the case 5 law and the statutes themselves that they don't. 6 7 THE COURT: Thank you. 8 MR. ENTWISTLE: Thank you, Your Honor. All right. Next objector in the 9 THE COURT: 10 courtroom. 11 MR. WITMEYER: Your Honor, John Witmeyer, counsel 12 for Sapere CTA Fund. I'd just like to briefly add here, let's look at what 13 14 these claims are that are sought to be assigned. Essentially, MFGI is a bailee for hire. When it gives money back, it's ---15 16 THE COURT: You run the risk of talking yourself out 17 of winning on this issue ---18 MR. WITMEYER: Okay. 19 THE COURT: --- but go ahead. 20 MR. WITMEYER: The claim, Your Honor, is against a 21 third party for tort damages, punitive damages, exemplary damages, other damages ---22 23 THE COURT: You know, believe it or not, I really get this. 24 25

Page 59 MR. WITMEYER: --- in court. All right. 1 Thank you, 2 Your Honor. That's my only point. 3 THE COURT: I really get this point. 4 MR. WITMEYER: Okay. And there's no statutory authority as Your Honor pointed out. 5 6 THE COURT: Okay. Next objector in the courtroom. 7 MR. GOODMAN: Your Honor, Geoff Goodman, Foley & 8 Lardner, on behalf of Thomas Ritter, John ---9 THE COURT: Tell me your name one more time. 10 MR. GOODMAN: Geoff Goodman ---11 THE COURT: Okay, Mr. Goodman. MR. GOODMAN: --- for Foley & Lardner on behalf of -12 13 14 THE COURT: Sure. 15 MR. GOODMAN: --- Thomas Ritter, John Supple, 16 Greenbrier Partners. 17 We filed a joinder --- I'm back to the first distribution motion and I believe last two dealt with the 18 19 assignment. We filed a joinder in support of the motion and I wanted to respond briefly, Your Honor, to a couple of the 20 21 points Mr. Schmeltz made ---22 THE COURT: Go ahead. 23 MR. GOODMAN: --- on the phone. First thing is Mr. Schmeltz, in both orally and in his papers, makes a lot of the 24 25

fact that the funds that were so-called delivery credits --and I can't speak to every delivery credit, although I believe based on discussions with Mr. Trager that my clients are about 25, maybe 40 percent of what the so-called delivery credits These are people who tendered warehouse receipts for delivery within the last day or two before the petition. There may have been some that actually were a little before that, but most of it was at the end. And these are proceeds of that They were set forth in an account indicated as delivery. delivery account on the MF Global's records. It was labeled "FD." Mr. Schmeltz made the point that these funds weren't supposed to be segregated. He's right, but that's not --that's obviously not the test for a delivery account, because frankly the warehouse receipts which are part of the delivery class aren't segregated property either.

THE COURT: And I thought that the Trustees' omnibus reply went right to that. The only reason I've given Mr. Schmeltz a chance to file a surreply is because issue about Section 1.21 hasn't been addressed before. I'll consider it.

MR. GOODMAN: Thank you, Your Honor. And I wasn't familiar with that section either and I would like the --- I haven't had a chance to review it and I don't even know what it says as we stand here today. The one point --- and I know, Your Honor, we may raise the point Your Honor has already

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overruled it about setting a deadline for making a distribution --- but I do want to make one point. Our --- it's tangental to that, but I don't think it points to what Your Honor has already ruled on. My clients are those who either received nothing or have received a small amount because they haven't been part of the bulk transfer. If Your Honor decides not to decide, to punt this issue, I just want to make sure --because as the Trustee has set this up, we don't --- none of my clients receive anything until the claim determinations has and as part of this delivery class --- if Your Honor decides not to decide until later, any mechanism set up for making distributions will allow my --- set up in such a way that while this issue peculates, my clients are able to get a distribution because they need some kind of home.

Look, from day one in this case, my THE COURT: overriding objective has been that as many customers as possible receive a return of as much of their money or property as soon as possible. That remains --- you know, there were earlier on when the bulk transfer orders, I couldn't believe it. There were people who were objecting --- you know, don't pay anybody else until I get mine. Well, I've made clear on the record what I thought about that argument. My objective remains to try and facilitate a distribution of as much property as possible as soon as possible. That may leave some

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1 issues remaining to be determined. I don't know whether I'm 2 going to decide this issue about debits and credits or not now. 3 I've been pretty prompt in issuing my rulings after hearings in 4 this case, because I don't want people unnecessarily held up. Okay? So I've been trying, you know --- we're pushing this 5 along. All I can say is I'm going to continue to. 6 I hope 7 that, and I think the Trustee has been sensitive to this, and I 8 must say until this round of motions, it wasn't clear to me 9 that there are a group of customers who haven't been trued up, 10 they haven't gotten the 72 percent because they fall into one, 11 you know, a different category class. So I hope the Trustee 12 will expedite to the fullest extent possible getting as much 13 money to people as possible. 14 Yeah. My only concern was if there MR. GOODMAN: was a punting on the issue, somehow my clients wouldn't have a 15 16 home. I understand, Your Honor, and the Trustee will work with 17 that. But that was my only concern if this issue wasn't decided. 18 19 THE COURT: Okay. Know that --- okay. 20 MR. GOODMAN: And one last point within the 21 substance ---22 THE COURT: Sure. 23 MR. GOODMAN: --- I believe that I don't believe 24 this was raised in the Trustee's papers, so I want to briefly

Page 63 raise it, is that the CFTC has weighed in on this issue, and to 1 2 the extent that there's any ambiguity, I would argue that the 3 CFTC's ---THE COURT: When you say they've weighed in on the issue, on this issue about delivery class ---5 MR. GOODMAN: --- of delivery class. 6 7 THE COURT: Yes. 8 MR. GOODMAN: And that they be entitled to deference if there's any ambiguity on that, and their interpretation of 9 10 their own regulations. 11 THE COURT: Okay. 12 MR. GOODMAN: Thank you, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Thank you very much. 14 All right. Other objectors in the courtroom? 15 MR. ZUNSHINE: Good morning. My name is Zach 16 Zunshine, and I represent Jill Zunshine. 17 Yes, go ahead. THE COURT: 18 MR. ZUNSHINE: I filed yesterday a pleading ---19 THE COURT: --- untimely. But go ahead. 20 MR. ZUNSHINE: I could read it in the record, if you 21 don't mind. 22 THE COURT: You're not going to read it in the 23 record, I'll tell you that right now. 24 MR. ZUNSHINE: It's less than two pages. 25

Page 64 THE COURT: I --- go ahead. Make your argument. 1 2 Very --- don't read it into the record. 3 MR. ZUNSHINE: Okay. 4 THE COURT: Just tell me what your point is. My point is that I would like this 5 MR. ZUNSHINE: Court to deem with the Trustee as (indiscernible 11:31:03) 6 7 abandoned, a demand for heightened immunity and also his demand 8 for claimants to give up remedies (indiscernible 11:31:11) of law that states ---9 10 THE COURT: But I mean, I tell you the same thing I 11 told Mr. Witmeyer, careful you don't argue yourself out of 12 something you're ahead on. The assignment issue, if that's 13 what you're ---14 MR. ZUNSHINE: I'm not talking about the assignment. I'm talking about the claim that he wants more ---15 16 THE COURT: Look, if you want your money now, you're --- and have you received --- has your, I don't know if it's 17 18 your relative. I don't know if it's your sister or your wife 19 or --- has she received a determination of claim letter? 20 MR. ZUNSHINE: That's right. 21 Okay. Does she agree with it? THE COURT: 22 MR. ZUNSHINE: No ---23 THE COURT: The amount? 24 MR. ZUNSHINE: The amount, yes, but not with the 25

Page 65 1 release. 2 THE COURT: Okay. 3 MR. ZUNSHINE: We filed an objections. 4 THE COURT: You --- yes. And I read your objection. 5 MR. ZUNSHINE: All right. 6 7 THE COURT: Okay? You don't get to receive a 8 distribution pursuant to a resolved claim if you're not agreeing that to the determination of the claim that you have 9 10 no further claim against this estate. That's perfectly 11 appropriate. Okay? Where I had pause and where I thought the 12 objectors were on solid ground was insisting on an assignment 13 of claims against third parties. Where in the release that the Trustee has asked for is there something that you believe goes 14 beyond the bounds of what's appropriate, specifically? 15 16 MR. ZUNSHINE: I'm talking about paragraph 2 of his 17 unnumbered release in which he sets for himself and SIPC more 18 immunity than he's entitled under the law. 19 THE COURT: Okay. I have your argument. your objection. Anything --- other points? 20 21 MR. ZUNSHINE: Okay. With regard to the third paragraph of that release, in which he wants to claimants to 22 waive remedies under the law, I would like to give you an 23 example looking at this release how is it absolutely 24 25

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THE COURT: Go ahead.

MR. ZUNSHINE: All right. So I have a declaration release of assignment right here. It says here at the end, and I'm going to quoting it, number three, to be subject to liens or claims of MFG estate or any other entity or other person, and will indemnify and hold harmless the released persons remaining and against any damages, cost losses, that might result from any association blaming such other entity or other person with any such liens or claims. Suppose the interest here received a notice that there is a lien against my claimant's account. And suppose he screwed up, and suppose he distributed money anyway, and suppose the party who has the lien now sues the Trustee for damages caused in losses, and suppose losses are not available under State law, and suppose Trustee screws again, and doesn't object to the jury instructions and eventually gets his no delivery damages in court, but also his losses, which could be ---

> I'll tell you what. THE COURT:

MR. ZUNSHINE: Right.

THE COURT: Ms. Zunshine shouldn't take a distribution. Okay? Just if you're --- if you find the release language inappropriate, then don't take the distribution, don't sign it. Okay? You'll wait till the end

Page 67 1 of the case. 2 MR. ZUNSHINE: Well, I came here. 3 THE COURT: I understand, but what you're saying is 4 you're objecting to language in the release. I think you're alone in objecting to this portion of it. 5 MR. ZUNSHINE: That's right. 6 7 THE COURT: That's fine, and the answer is don't 8 sign it, don't accept a distribution now. When the case is over, and any liens, claims, or encumbrances have been 9 10 asserted, we'll know exactly where things stand, and you won't 11 have to worry about claims for indemnification at that point, 12 but you also won't get any money now. It's really not that 13 complicated. Just don't take the money. 14 MR. ZUNSHINE: But in first instance, I wanted to come here and argue to this Court that that part of the release 15 16 is inappropriate. 17 THE COURT: I hear you. 18 MR. ZUNSHINE: All right. 19 THE COURT: Okay. Your objection is overruled. 20 MR. ZUNSHINE: All right. Thank you. 21 THE COURT: So if you don't want the money, don't take the money. No one is forcing the claimant to accept the 22 23 money. 24 MR. ZUNSHINE: I understand my options. I wanted to 25

Page 68 1 use my first off to come here ---2 THE COURT: Okay. 3 MR. ZUNSHINE: --- and argue in front of this Court 4 You did. Okay. 5 THE COURT: MR. ZUNSHINE: --- and you overruled my objection --6 7 8 THE COURT: Okay. MR. ZUNSHINE: --- and that's enough for me. 9 Thank 10 you. 11 THE COURT: All right. Any other objectors on the -12 -- anyone in the courtroom? 13 All right. Anyone --- all right. One more in the 14 courtroom. Please come up. MR. STEVENS: Your Honor, Neil Stevens, Schuyler, 15 16 Roche & Crisham. I represent a number of MF Global customers 17 that had several different business relationships, and they had 18 commodity customer accounts and they were also executing trades on behalf of other clients. 19 20 And so they have both commodity customer claims and 21 they have general unsecured claims for broker's commissions, 22 and my clients are concerned that the release, you know, may be 23 broadly read to release their general --- their unsecured 24 claims. 25

Page 69 1 Okay. Mr. Trager, can you address that THE COURT: 2 or Mr. Kobak? That's a valid concern I understand, and I don't 3 think that was the intent, but if ---4 MR. KOBAK: No, and I think --- and certainly in the stipulation, I think the language clarifies that it the release 5 only goes to the extent of what the claimant has received, so 6 7 if they have some other kind of claim, that would not be 8 affected by it. And it certainly wasn't our intention. THE COURT: 9 Just so we're clear on the record, it's 10 the Trustee's position that nothing in the release would 11 release any general unsecured claims that a party may have. 12 Other than the commodities claim, to the 13 extent it's been satisfied. Yes, Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: Mr. Stevens, are you satisfied with 15 that? Okay. Thank you. That was an affirmative response from 16 Mr. Stevens. 17 Anyone else in the courtroom wish to be heard? 18 All right. On the telephone, any objectors on the 19 telephone? 20 MR. WASSERMAN: Your Honor? 21 Go ahead. THE COURT: 22 MR. WASSERMAN: Okay. This is Robert Wasserman for 23 the CFTC. We are obviously not an objector. I just wanted to 24 address two points very briefly.

1 THE COURT: I miss having you in the courtroom, Mr. 2 Wasserman. Go ahead.

MR. WASSERMAN: I apologize. I'm actually supposed to be on a plane off to vacation this evening, and I didn't want to miss missing it.

Well, I wouldn't want you to miss it THE COURT: either. Go ahead, Mr. Wasserman.

MR. WASSERMAN: And so with respect to the delivery class as was mentioned earlier, we have indeed weighed in on this, and tried to explain --- and I apologize for the regulations that are not as clear as I would like them to be, and we'll try to do something about that in future; that unfortunately doesn't help this case --- that the delivery account class includes the specifically identifiable property set forth in (kk)(3), (4), and (5). And (5) includes the cash price tendered for property that was essentially used to make delivery.

Second, with respect to the points raised by the Chapter 11 Trustee and the creditors committee, Your Honor has dealt with the issues regarding the information, and so I won't burden the Court with that. I would note however very importantly in terms of any customer claims that might be coming from affiliates that 766(h) of the Code is very clear on this point, and that essentially claims based on a proprietary

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Page 71 1 account as determined by commission rule, regulation, or order, 2 and the commission has a rule that makes clear that affiliates 3 and entities under common control are all --- their accounts 4 are all proprietary accounts. And claims based on such proprietary accounts may not be paid, and I'm quoting, "either 5 in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, out of customer 6 7 property unless all other customer net equity claims have been 8 paid in full." 9 THE COURT: Mr. Wasserman, I don't really have that issue in front of me today; do I? 10 11 MR. WASSERMAN: Hopefully not. 12 THE COURT: I don't think so. 13 MR. WASSERMAN: Fair enough. And that's all I will 14 say on that point. 15 THE COURT: Thank you. Anything else, Mr. 16 Wasserman? 17 MR. WASSERMAN: No, thank you. All right. Anyone else on the phone 18 THE COURT: 19 wish to be heard? 20 MR. LAROSA: Yes, Your Honor, Christopher LaRosa 21 from the Securities Investor Protection Corporation. 22 THE COURT: Yes. 23 MR. LAROSA: Just very briefly, wanted to make a couple of points. I know Your Honor is aware that the cases 24 25

that were cited in several of the memorandum, the A.R. Baron case and the Madoff cases, deal with securities customers and not commodities customers, and we agree with that, the SIPA assignment provision is not implicated here. But I did want to point out that I think the rationale underlying that statutory provision applies with equal force in the context of commodities. The real basis for the provision, the real public policy rationale underlying it is that you want to ensure that customer property is recovered either by the Trustee or through the estate so that it can be distributed on a rateable basis; that is that customers who are not actually, you know, the claimant or the plaintiff in an action against a third party, are obliged to share whatever recovery of customer property that they may make with other customers of the estates of customers distributed on a rateable basis. That applies under SIPA, and given that there is a rateable distribution requirement under the CFTC commodity broker liquidation provisions it applies with equal force there. THE COURT: But the law hasn't gone your way on this; has it? I mean ---MR. LAROSA: Well, I was going to point out, Your Honor ---THE COURT: --- the case law --- let me finish ---MR. LAROSA: --- there's quite a lot of case law to

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I mean, first of all, the Madoff case, just to the contrary. address that very briefly --- the Madoff case was one that did not involve the issue of assignment. It's discussed in the case, but all of the discussion is dictive because the Trustee and Madoff never actually took assignments. And so, you know, the issue was raised but by several of the parties and the Court ---

Mr. LaRosa, let me ask you this. a distinction between the Trustee demanding an assignment, which is what's happened here, and the Trustee receiving an assignment. If this were, for example, a settlement under 9019 that was a negotiated settlement, and as part of a settlement, Trustee received an assignment of claims, I think --- and I can't remember the name of the Second Circuit case now --- but I thought that, you know, if you go back to the Marine Midland case and that whole line of authority about what a Trustee has standing to assert, I can't remember the name of the --- I thought there was a subsequent Second Circuit case that basically said if you get an assignment of a claim, you can --you may be able to proceed with that. Here, to me, the issue is in the face of the objections is, in the absence of --look, the Trustee has got statutory and rule authority to make a distribution of property to commodity customers and he's in the process of doing that. And the issue is whether the

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Trustee can impose a condition, the receipt of an assignment of claims that isn't provided for in any statute or governing regulation. That's where I have the problem. If for whatever reason commodity customers concluded that, look, we ought to assign all these claims to the Trustee, let him go fight the battle, that's going to assure the promptest resolution and equitable distribution of proceeds, that's one thing.

So --- but address the issue of where is the authority of the Trustee to insist on the assignment as a condition to a distribution.

MR. LAROSA: It has to come from the statutory purpose, Your Honor. The reason for the insistence is to ensure that a claimant outside the context of this liquidation not recover 100 percent of property that should be distributed to customers on a rateable basis. In other words, that customer may walk away with a hundred percent of property that would otherwise have to be shared with other customers.

Well, I'll just give you an example, and THE COURT: I understand your point. Okay? But in another case that I have, the 1031 tax group, where there were numerous adversary proceedings pending before me against third parties that the Trustee, the Chapter 11 Trustee believed there could be recoveries from, there were also parallel class actions pending in the United States District Court for the District of the

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North --- the Northern District of California. And what the plaintiffs and the Chapter 11 Trustee agreed upon was --- and it was approved by both Judge Ware in the Northern District of California, and by me --- what were for sharing of recoveries and for administration of the claims, all recoveries in the class action in California were going to be distributed by in that case the Chapter 11 Trustee, because it was --- the class was call extensive with the creditor classes before me. they agreed, there were agreements about how fees would be charged, et cetera --- obviously they were both were subject to approval by the Court.

But that was all consensual and it dealt with sort of the issues you're raising about what's the most efficient way and the fairest way of recovering money and distributing it among all those who are entitled to it? So I come back to you say, look at the statutory purpose, you get on really shaky ground, Mr. LaRosa, if you're asking me to impose an obligation from a non-existent provision in a statute. This is not filling a gap in an existing unclear statutory provision.

So I come back. Do you have any case law, CFTC regulation, anything with the binding force of law, that supports your position that the Trustee can insist on an assignment before making a distribution?

> MR. LAROSA: I don't, Your Honor, and as I say, I

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think the --- as I say, and just to reiterate the point, the downside risk is that if the Trustee were not able to do this, there is a significant risk that the statutory position or objective could be substantially compromised. In other words, some customers could do significantly better than others, and that obviously is not what we intended ---

THE COURT: You know, that's long been true in

Chapter 11 cases where the Trustee is denied standing to pursue various claims. If I were writing on a clean slate, I might come out differently, but there's a pretty long line of authority that circumscribes what a Trustee can do, whether it's before me in a Bankruptcy Court, or if the Trustee brings an action in the District Court. I didn't write that stuff. I mean, that's, you know --- that's why I'm open to listening to arguments if somebody has some actual authority to point to, but --- you know, and I don't have the issue of what precisely Mr. Giddens' standing is to pursue various claims. That's not before me now.

All right. Anything else, Mr. LaRosa?

MR. LAROSA: Nothing, Your Honor.

21 THE COURT: All right. Anything --- anybody else on

22 the telephone?

MR. D'APICE: Yes, Your Honor, if I may, Peter
D'Apice of Stutzman, Bromberg, on behalf of what we've styled

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certain claimants. If I may be heard?

THE COURT: Yes, go ahead.

MR. D'APICE: Your Honor, I'll make two brief points; one, you asked one of the prior objectors if there was any specific language in the release paragraph that gives concern, and I do have a specific phrase here that is of concern, and that is specifically that the release releases any and all claims arising out of or related to the circumstances that gave rise to the claim, and the way the word "claim" is defined, it includes the entire claim. It's not just limited to the amount that has been distributed. I think that's excessively broad, and if nothing else, Your Honor, this release will be litigated in some other action, somewhere else where claimants are pursuing their unpaid amounts. And it'll be heavily briefed, it'll be argued, it'll be litigated, and any of the qualifications or changes that the Trustee has agreed to in Court will have to be sort of appended as asterisks to this actual document that's been delivered to claimants.

Mr. Kobak, do you agree or disagree with THE COURT: the arguments being made?

> MR. D'APICE: I'm sorry, Your Honor?

THE COURT: I'm asking Mr. Kobak because I'm not sure this is a disagreement here.

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Page 78 Yeah. No, Your Honor. 1 MR. KOBAK: I think the ---2 and I think the ---3 THE COURT: So why don't you clarify the language so 4 we ---MR. KOBAK: --- stipulation and order does do that. 5 And I think the original release made it clear it was only to 6 7 the extent of what they got. 8 THE COURT: Okay. But I think there ought to be something that somebody could look at the four corners of the 9 10 applicable document and not have to ask for a transcript from a 11 hearing and et cetera. But you're not disagreeing in principal 12 with your argument ---13 MR. KOBAK: No, and I thought we had clarified that. 14 THE COURT: Okay. We will think hard about ---15 MR. KOBAK: 16 THE COURT: But I'm not ruling today, so what I 17 would ask is ---18 MR. KOBAK: Right. 19 THE COURT: --- that you confer with counsel who 20 have raised these objections about the precise --- because I 21 think you're agreeing in principal with what's the appropriate 22 scope of the release. 23 Yeah. I think that this is dealt with 24 in the stipulation. I guess the question is how to implement 25

Page 79 1 that perhaps more than anything. 2 THE COURT: Okay. 3 MR. KOBAK: And I don't quite know the answer to 4 that because we have received a large number of releases. think we need to reflect on that. 5 THE COURT: Okay. Why don't you confer? 6 7 ruling today from the bench, but I think this issue needs to be 8 --- I want to be sure that somebody can look at something specifically and know this is the release that has been given. 9 10 And it may be, Your Honor, that we'll MR. KOBAK: 11 also consider putting something on the website about the 12 assignment having heard Your Honor's views about it. 13 THE COURT: Okay. I think I need to talk to Mr. LaRosa and 14 MR. KOBAK: the Trustee and also just figure out what we could do. 15 16 THE COURT: Okay. Anybody else on the telephone 17 wish to be heard? MR. D'APICE: Your Honor, Peter D'Apice again. 18 19 one small additional point; some of my claimants have, since we 20 filed our papers, received determinations along with the 21 original proposed release, and to the extent that that four corners of the release that they have in their hands is 22 23 objectionable, they won't be signing it, but we don't want to blow the 30-day deadline for not objecting to the claim on that 24 25

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THE COURT: Look, this issue about the scope of the
--- I think you're in agreement about the release. I take your
point. You're not going to get resolve just in a matter of a
day or two. Now, I understand you've got to deal with the
issue of those who have already signed a release.

MR. KOBAK: You know, our idea was to get an order signed by the Court and then, you know, basically say this is what the release now means. If we need to send that back to the claimants that have already signed, I'm not sure what the best way is ---

THE COURT: All right.

MR. KOBAK: --- to handle that. But I don't think it's of a dispute about substance. It's just, I think, a dispute about how to make people aware of this and kind of the mechanics of how to do it.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. D'APICE: And also the specific language that we can then present that we'll end up litigating in some other forum, at least we know what specifically we've agreed to and not agreed to.

THE COURT: I agree with Mr. Kobak that it will be in an order that the Court will sign.

MR. D'APICE: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. KOBAK: Thank you, Your Honor.

2 THE COURT: All right. Anybody else on the

3 telephone wish to be heard?

4 All right. Any other reply or response, Mr. Kobak or

5 Mr. Trager?

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MR. KOBAK: I have nothing further, Your Honor.

MR. TRAGER: Briefly, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Trager.

Just briefly regarding the issues about MR. TRAGER: the delivery class and the delivery credits. Your Honor, I, too, am not familiar with 17 CFR 1.21 and look forward to the surreply. But in respect to something that Mr. Goodman mentioned, as I'm sure Your Honor is aware, it's always been the Trustee's goal as well to distribute as much property to customer claimants as possible as quickly as possible. doing our best to stay ahead of the curve. We filed this motion close to a month ago in the effort to know when the claimants were coming in. We would be further along in the process and be able to make distributions right away, and in fact that was one of Mr. Goodman's issues, making sure that his customer, his clients who had not yet received anything because they were neither 4(d) nor in physical form, would get property right away obviously to the best of our ability, but, Your Honor, taking this issue under submission, it does in fact

theoretically leave his customers and similarly situated customers in a no-man's land.

THE COURT: I don't think I've ever taken more than a week to issue a ruling in this case, Mr. Trager.

That was not going to be my issue, Your MR. TRAGER: Honor. As to whether or not you were to defer the issue of this particular item, as Your Honor may recall we were doing bulk transfers, one after the other, shoring up issues as they came up. We added deliveries into the third bulk transfer, even though we had to punt on the issue of the delivery class. We're here as quickly as we possibly can with the identification of that delivery class. With that, you know, I make no secret of the fact that it's Mr. Goodman's clients in similarly situated who literally have gotten close to zero percent of a distribution. Our goal for making sure that Your Honor takes a look at this issue as quickly as possible and unfortunately has to come to a ruling on it. I appreciate it. Thank you, Your Honor.

> THE COURT: Thank you. Okay. All right.

Mr. Kobak, anything else you want to raise?

No, Your Honor. I do want to apologize MR. KOBAK: to the Court. I see in retrospect, and I don't know why when we did our initial orders on the claims process, we didn't include the assignment and release language. I think frankly

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Page 83 we were doing everything on such a rushed basis, we just 1 2 neglected to put it in, and it obviously would have cleared up 3 a lot of confusion had we done it then. 4 THE COURT: I don't think --- I still haven't seen it, so maybe it's attached to one of the objections, but ---5 MR. KOBAK: 6 We ---7 THE COURT: --- could you provide my chambers with a 8 copy? 9 MR. KOBAK: Yes, we can get you that along with a proposed order and stipulation, if that will help Your Honor. 10 11 THE COURT: So, what else do we have to deal with 12 today, Mr. Kobak? 13 MR. KOBAK: The last item on the docket is the ---14 on our docket is the Sapere motion concerning the insurance 15 issue which is their motion. 16 THE COURT: Yeah. Before we get to that, do I need 17 to do something with the stipulation now? I mean, it was 18 intended to resolve issues about the release and assignment. 19 I've --- I mean, I'll rule on anything I need to rule on. 20 MR. KOBAK: Well, we have a proposed order. From 21 Your Honor's ---22 THE COURT: Go ahead. 23 MR. KOBAK: --- comments, you might agree with the release language in that order, but perhaps not the part of it 24 25

that refers to assignment ---

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THE COURT: What gives you that idea?

3 MR. KOBAK: --- so it may need --- I just have a 4 feeling, Your Honor. It's why I'd be such a successful

commodities trader, Your Honor. 5

> So it may be that when you write your decision that the appropriate order would not refer to the assignment language at least as it is in that stipulation.

MR. DAVIDOFF: If the Court please, I think the discussion of ---

> THE COURT: Just identify yourself for the record.

MR. DAVIDOFF: Yes. Merrill Davidoff from Berger & Montague, speaking for seven of the nine class action cases pending in the Southern District, Your Honor.

We concurred in the two rounds of negotiations and with the amended stipulation and order. I just want to make our position clearer. We were faced with this situation where hundreds and now thousands upon thousands of these releases have been returned. And so we thought the --- we don't think the amended stipulation and order is perfect, but we think it got us three-quarters to seven-eighths of the way to where we needed to be. It left for future determination the question of who has priority in a standing contest, and it also, and most importantly, retroactively modified the many thousands of

unvarnished releases, and I have a copy of the unvarnished release if Your Honor wants me to provide that, that had already been sent to the claimants and returned by the claimants.

Now to the extent that the Trustee asserts in his response that the stipulation and order somehow allows the Trustee to require --- require --- execution of the document, the original or the amended document, as a condition for the receipt of further distributions beyond the approximately 72 percent that claimants have already --- most claimants have already received, we oppose that.

> THE COURT: Hold, Mr. Davidoff.

MR. DAVIDOFF: Yes?

The release assignment is intended to THE COURT: apply where there's been a claim determination. All of the distributions to date, the first 72 percent, were based on unaudited figures and it was the goal of getting as much money out as possible. Now people are having --- they're receiving determination letters and if they agree with it that that's their net equity claim, they're receiving additional payment. What's wrong with the Trustee asking for a release against the estate in return for that distribution that resolves the letter, you know, that resolves the claim?

MR. DAVIDOFF: No, that wasn't the most

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1 objectionable part of the document, and the stipulation and 2 order resolves as to the release certainly the most 3 objectionable issues as to the release. And I think even Mr. 4 Entwistle and some of the other objectors would agree with that. And as to the assignment, it leaves the issue of 5 priority of claims for future determination. So I do concur 6 7 with Mr. Kobak that we --- that Your Honor should enter ---8 Well, here, look. With respect to the joint notice of presentment of stipulation and order resolving 9 10 objection relating to assignment and release of claims from 11 future customers, it's ECF docket no. 1050 ---12 MR. DAVIDOFF: That's the first one, Your Honor. 13 think the second one was attached to ECF document no. 1274, because we had two rounds of negotiations on this and the 14 second amended version of the stipulation and order, which was 15 16 agreed to by the Trustee, contains further protections for the 17 customers. 18 THE COURT: Where is it in the binder? Can somebody 19 tell me that? I've got ---20 MR. KOBAK: Item 15, Your Honor. 21 THE COURT: Thank you. Well, tab 15 is, I think ---22 MR. DAVIDOFF: 23 THE COURT: That's not the stipulation; is it? 24 MR. DAVIDOFF: No, I ---

Page 87 1 Yeah, it has an amended stipulation and THE COURT: 2 order attached. 3 MR. DAVIDOFF: Well, I don't know which tab you have 4 it in, Your Honor. I have it as docket 1274 ---Stop. I'm not approving stipulation, 5 THE COURT: 6 either one, because it covers the assignment. 7 MR. DAVIDOFF: Okay. 8 THE COURT: Okay? So the stipulation and order, either the original or the amended, the Court is declining to 9 10 approve. Okay? 11 Mr. Kobak, see if you can finalize the release 12 language. Okay? I'm awaiting Mr. Schmeltz's surreply. 13 MR. SCHMELTZ: Right. 14 THE COURT: I'm going to proceed as I have with respect to every other motion in either of these two cases, and 15 16 hope to be able to rule not --- you know, not before I get a 17 surreply. We'll proceed in due course, hopefully 18 expeditiously, to rule. I think I would put the issues about 19 the release that have been raised as they seem to be --- there 20 seems to be agreement about what's intended. It may be a tweak 21 of some language that will resolve the issue. With respect to the assignment, I'm going to rule. Okay? The only other 22 23 objection I think I haven't ruled on is over the delivery 24 class. 25

Page 88 1 MR. KOBAK: --- the delivery class. That's correct. 2 THE COURT: Does anyone have a different view about 3 it? 4 MR. KOBAK: I don't, Your Honor. THE COURT: 5 Okay. All right. Anything else for today? 6 7 MR. D'APICE: Your Honor, Peter D'Apice. May I make 8 one quick point? 9 I don't think so. You've had your THE COURT: 10 chance. You've --- we've spoken --- what --- tell me quickly 11 what it is. 12 MR. D'APICE: Your Honor, I'm not --- I understand you'll issue an order that will clarify what the release means. 13 14 All I ask is that my clients get an extension of time until that order is issued in which to respond to the Trustees' 15 16 demand ---17 THE COURT: I'm --- deal with the Trustee about it. 18 If you have a problem getting an agreement, arrange a telephone 19 hearing about it. I don't think you're going to --- if you're 20 making a reasonable request, I don't think you're going to have 21 a problem with the Trustee. I'm not ruling on --- I don't have 22 any papers in front of me. 23 MR. D'APICE: Thank you, Your Honor. 24 MR. WASSERMAN: Your Honor? 25

Page 89 1 Do you agree with that, Mr. Kobak? THE COURT: 2 MR. KOBAK: Yes. I'm certain we can work something 3 out. 4 THE COURT: Okay. Yes, who else is on the phone? This is Robert Wasserman for the 5 MR. WASSERMAN: CFTC. 6 7 THE COURT: Yes? 8 MR. WASSERMAN: Will you want anything further after 9 that surreply? 10 No, I don't. It was just an argument THE COURT: 11 that I hadn't seen or read before. I will read it. I don't 12 think I need any more papers after that. 13 Okay. Anybody else have anything else to raise for 14 today? 15 MR. KOBAK: We do have the Sapere motion. 16 THE COURT: Okay. Let's deal with --- I don't think it's going to take very long. Come on, Mr. Witmeyer, because I 17 18 think I already ruled on it. 19 MR. WITMEYER: Your Honor, I think I just have one 20 point I want to make on it. 21 THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Witmeyer. Come on up to 22 the microphone. 23 MR. WITMEYER: Your Honor, I'd like to point out on behalf of Sapere that it has been conclusively demonstrated 24 25

1	that MFGI has liability to commodities customers for wrongful			
2	acts which consist of allowing customer funds to be out of			
3	segregation. Whether we call them missing, shortfall, or			
4	whatever, they exited segregation so they weren't there on			
5	October 31, 2011. That's a violation of the Commodities			
6	Exchanged Act. It's a breach of the common law rule governing			
7	bailees for hire. That's a violation of CFTC regulations.			
8	It's a wrongful act as defined in the policy. It's			
9	incontrovertible. The Trustee has conceded that prior			
10	management let it out of segregation. They put in a chart			
11	showing the amount that they calculated as almost one billion			
12	in October. Everybody has conceded it's in excess of 500			
13	million. It's more than 120 million. We think that justifies			
14	the branch of our motion that clarifies this that the Court			
15	decrees that as of October 31			
16	THE COURT: Does the Trustee have \$120 million in			
17	proceeds from insurance sitting in an account, Mr. Witmeyer?			
18	MR. WITMEYER: It's not to get into			
19	THE COURT: This is hypothetical, and you're asking			
20	me to rule on something that has not yet occurred. You're			
21	asking for me to order a distribution of \$120 million that the			
22	Trustee has not received; correct or not?			
23	MR. WITMEYER: No, that's not correct, Your Honor.			
24	I'm asking that Your Honor decree that the MFGI entity, the			
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Page 91 1 estate, owed that as damages ---2 THE COURT: Stop. 3 MR. WITMEYER: --- on October 31. That's the 4 predicate ---THE COURT: I ruled --- all right. 5 MR. WITMEYER: --- for the insurance ruling. 6 7 THE COURT: Thank you. The motion by Sapere et al., 8 for entry of order, judgment, and decree that the Trustee make restitution to commodities customers of \$120 million to be paid 9 from the proceeds of professional liability policies insuring 10 11 MF Global Inc. issued by MFG Assurance Co. Limited. It's ECF 12 docket no. 1113. The motion is denied. 13 MR. WITMEYER: Thank you, Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: It's frivolous. It has also resolved the issue that Mr. Witmeyer raises in this motion arguing that 15 16 the \$120 million vested whether I was right or wrong, I 17 resolved it in a written opinion I issued earlier this week 18 overruling the Sapere objection in connection with the MFG 19 Assurance and U.S. Specialty Insurance issues. So that in my 20 view is already resolved. I intend that at least as to this 21 aspect of it, that I cover in the opinion, it applies equally 22 here. 23 I would also comment once again that this Court and the estate is being burdened with frivolous motions. You had 24 25

Page 92 some serious objections today, Mr. Witmeyer, with respect to 1 the assignment. And you actually won one. You tried to talk 2 3 yourself out of it, but you won one. Okay? Where you make a 4 serious objection on a serious issue, the Court will treat it appropriately. If I continue to get what I consider to be 5 6 frivolous motions or objections, the Court is going to deal 7 with it appropriately with all of its power and force. 8 Anybody else have anything? Is there anything else, 9 Mr. Kobak, on the agenda? 10 No, Your Honor. MR. KOBAK: All right. Mr. Kobak, would you submit 11 THE COURT: 12 a proposed order in connection with the Sapere denial and 13 Sapere motion? 14 We will, Your Honor. MR. KOBAK: All right. Anything else today? 15 THE COURT: 16 All right. We're adjourned. Thank you very much, 17 everybody. 18 19 (Whereupon these proceedings were concluded at 12:06 PM) 20 21 22 23 24 25

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Page 94 CERTIFICATION I, Anna Maria Leon, certify that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. ANNA MARIA LEON Veritext 200 Old Country Road Suite 580 Mineola, NY 11501 Date: April 16, 2012